

2021 SUMMARY REPORT:

Injury Prevention & Substance Misuse Workers





ACKNOWLEDGEMENT & CITATION

The Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey (PH WINS) was developed by the de Beaumont Foundation and the Association of State and Territorial Health Officials to understand the interests and needs of the state and local governmental public health workforce in the United States, and was fielded in 2014, 2017, and 2021. For more information, visit www.phwins.org.

Citation: de Beaumont Foundation and Association of State and Territorial Health Officials, *Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey: 2021 Dashboard.* August 3, 2022.



ABOUT THIS REPORT

This report summarizes key findings about **injury prevention and substance misuse workers** from the 2021 Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey (PH WINS).

- Key findings are organized by the main sections of PH WINS 2021:
 - Demographics
 - Workforce Characteristics
 - Staying & Leaving
 - Training Needs
 - Engagement & Satisfaction
 - Well-being



WHAT IS PH WINS?

Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey

- PH WINS, a partnership between the de Beaumont Foundation and the Association of State and Territorial Health Officials (ASTHO), was fielded in 2014, 2017, and 2021.
- First and only nationally representative source of data about the governmental public health workforce.
- Supports the governmental public health workforce in understanding their strengths and gaps and informs future investments in workforce development efforts.



2021 METHODS

- PH WINS 2021 was distributed via web survey to 137,446 state and local governmental public health workers:
 - 47 state health agencies
 - 29 big city health departments
 - 259 local health departments
- The PH WINS 2021 instrument had five domains: workplace environment, COVID-19 response, training needs, addressing public health issues, and demographics.
- One important change in 2021: non-permanent employees of centralized state health agencies were included in the nationally representative data set.



WORKFORCE DEFINITION

- Workforce groups are defined by a combination of responses to PH WINS questions on program area, job classification, education, and certifications.
- The injury prevention and substance misuse workforce includes PH WINS respondents who selected the following program area(s):
 - Injury/violence prevention
 - Substance abuse

*PH WINS respondents were asked to report all program areas in which they currently serve. Workforce groups that are defined using program area include employees who work for the defining program area and may include employees who also work for additional program areas.





NATIONAL PARTICIPATION

- Nationally, the survey was completed by 44,732 individuals, for a 35% response rate.
- Response rates varied by frame:

• **SHA**: 34%

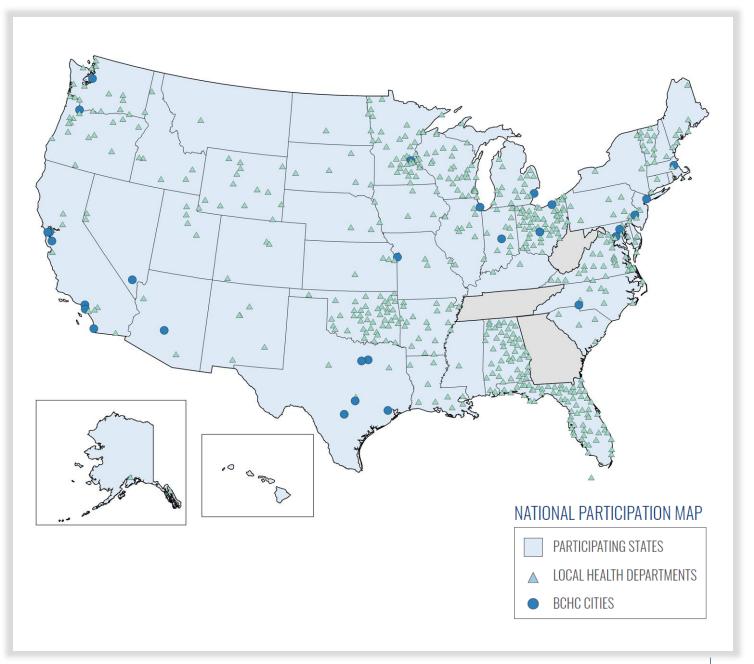
• Big Cities: 28%

Other locals: 52%

 Locals in Regions V and X*: 56%

*HHS Regions V and X participated in the PH WINS for All pilot programming, recruiting all locals in those regions, regardless of size, to participate in PH WINS.





NATIONAL PARTICIPATION

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Respo frame:

Injury prevention & substance misuse workers accounts for 5% of the national governmental public health workforce.

Other locals: 52%

 Locals in Regions V and X*: 56%

*HHS Regions V and X participated in the PH WINS for All pilot programming, recruiting all locals in those regions, regardless of size, to participate in PH WINS.









PARTICIPATING STATES



LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT



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2021 KEY FINDINGS: DEMOGRAPHICS

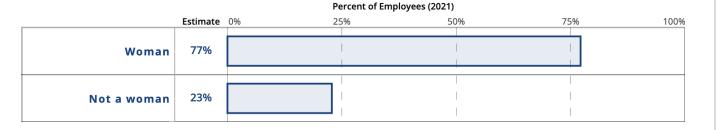
- PH WINS respondents self-reported demographic (personal) characteristics like their gender, race/ ethnicity, and age.
- Respondents also self-reported the highest level of education attained and whether they have a specialized degree in public health.



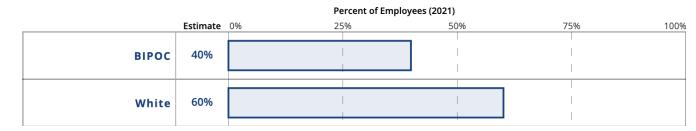
DEMOGRAPHICS

- 77% of injury prevention and substance misuse workers self-identify as a woman.
- 60% of injury prevention and substance misuse workers self-identify as White.

GENDER COLLAPSEDINJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



RACE & ETHNICITY COLLAPSED INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



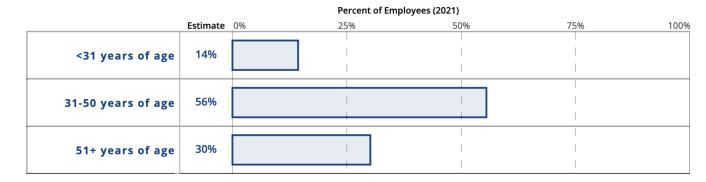




DEMOGRAPHICS

 56% of injury prevention and substance misuse workers are between the ages of 31 and 50 years.





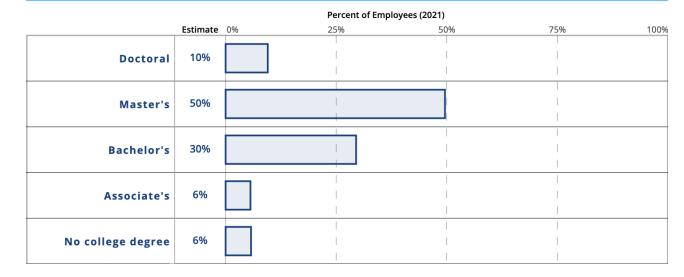




EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

- 60% of injury prevention and substance misuse workers have an advanced degree.
 - 50% have a Master's degree.
 - 10% have a Doctoral degree.
- 31% have a specialized degree in public health.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENTINJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



PUBLIC HEALTH TRAINING INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES







2021 KEY FINDINGS: WORKFORCE CHARACTERISTICS

- PH WINS respondents were asked a series of questions related specifically to their job and the work they do, including:
 - Supervisory status
 - Job role
 - Primary program area
 - Tenure in public health overall, at their agency, and in their current job.
- Respondents also reported full-time/part-time status and salary information.



SUPERVISORY STATUS/JOB ROLE

- 63% of injury prevention and substance misuse staff work in a non-supervisory role.
- 63% of staff work in a public health sciences job role, which includes program staff, epidemiologists, and contact tracers, among others.

SUPERVISORY STATUS COLLAPSED INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



JOB CLASSIFICATION INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES







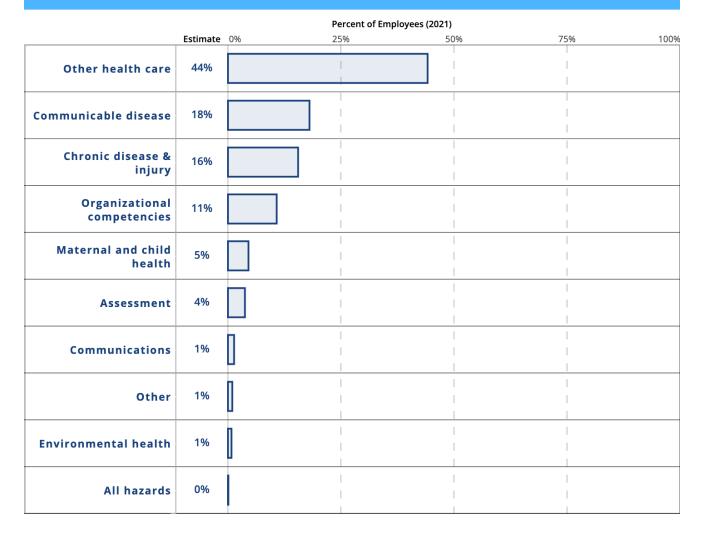
PROGRAM AREA

- Most injury prevention and substance misuse workers are distributed across three primary program areas:
 - Other Health Care, including certain clinical services, immunizations, mental, oral, and school health, and substance misuse.
 - Communicable Disease
 - Chronic Disease & Injury

*PH WINS respondents were asked to report all program areas in which they currently serve. This graph represents only the primary program area - the area in which a respondent spent the most time serving.



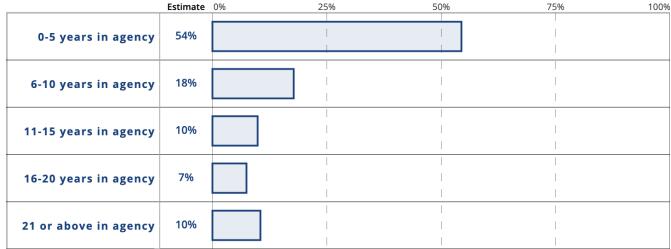
PROGRAM AREAINJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



TENURE AT AGENCY

- More than half of injury prevention and substance misuse workers in 2021 had served at their agency for 5 years or less.
- 10% had served 21 or more years.









2021 KEY FINDINGS: STAYING & LEAVING

- PH WINS respondents were asked a series of questions related to their intent to leave or stay at their agency and whether the COVID-19 pandemic affected their decision.
- Respondents were also asked to select reasons why they intend to stay or leave.

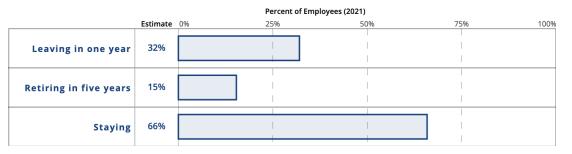


INTENT TO LEAVE/STAY

- 32% of injury prevention and substance misuse workers are considering leaving their organization within the next year.
- 29% reported that the COVID-19 pandemic impacted their decision to stay or leave.
 - Among those who intend to leave, 48% said the pandemic impacted their decision (data not shown).







IMPACT OF COVID ON STAYING & LEAVING INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES

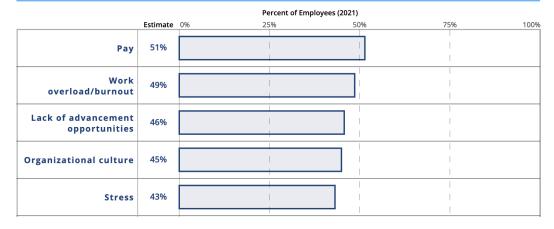




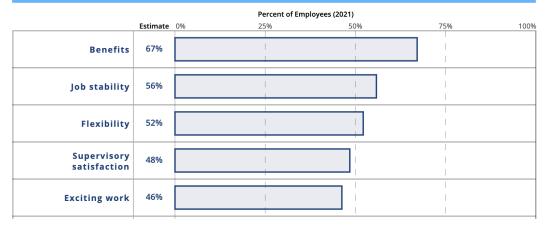
REASONS FOR LEAVING/STAYING

- Understanding employees' reasons for leaving is critical for improving recruitment and retention.
- Top reasons for leaving among injury prevention and substance misuse workers who intend to leave include:
 - Work overload/burnout (reported by 49%)
 - Stress (reported by 43%)

REASONS FOR LEAVINGINJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



REASONS FOR STAYING INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES

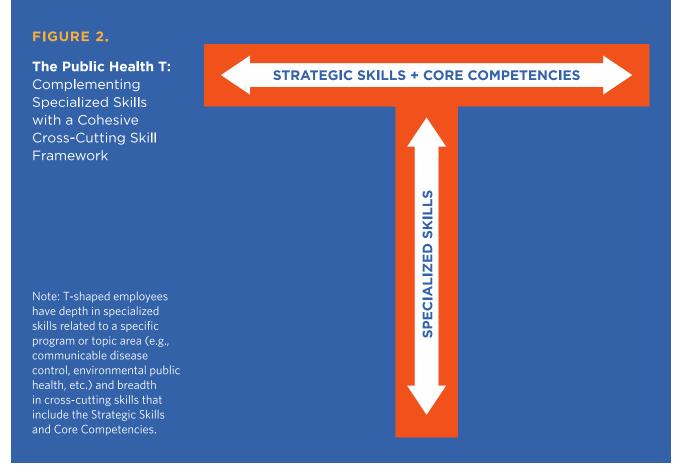






2021 KEY FINDINGS: TRAINING NEEDS

- PH WINS respondents were asked to rate the day-to-day importance of and their own proficiency with 25-26 skill items, tailored for their supervisory level.
- Skills were collapsed into 10 strategic skill categories.
- A training need is a skill item reported as having high importance, but low proficiency.
- Identifying training needs can help support strategies to produce Temployees, or those who have depth in technical skills and breadth in strategic skills.





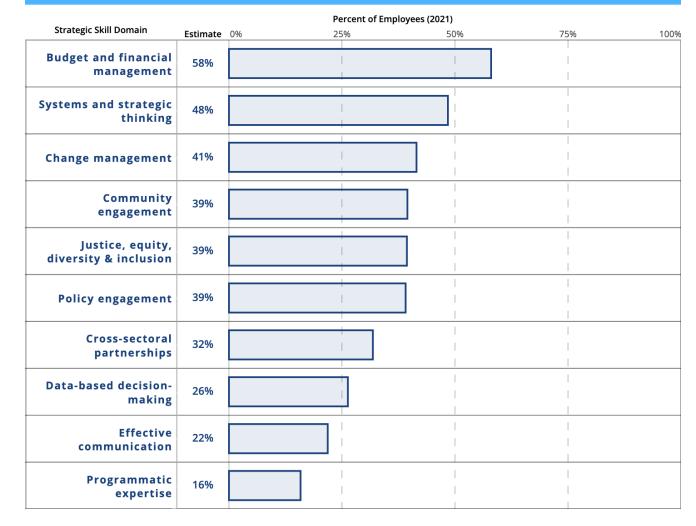


TRAINING NEEDS: OVERALL

The top 5 areas of training needs across all supervisory levels are:

- Budget and financial management
- Systems and strategic thinking
- Change management
- Community engagement
- Justice, equity, diversity & inclusion







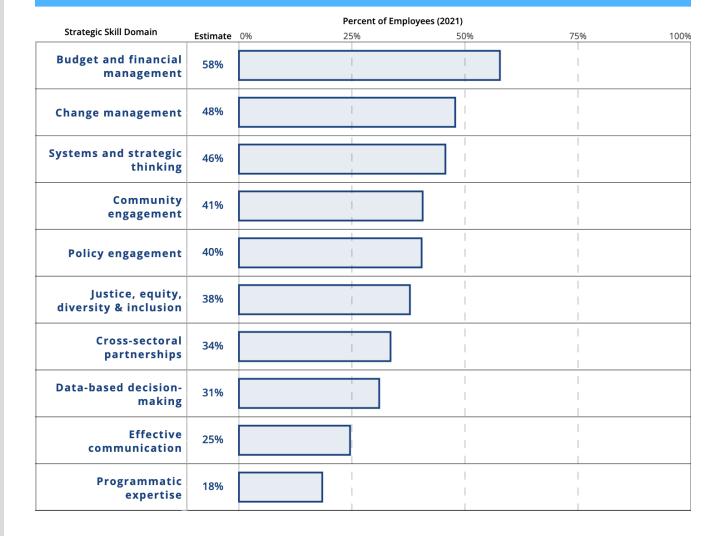


TRAINING NEEDS: NON-SUPERVISORS

The top 5 areas of training needs among non-supervisors are:

- Budget and financial management
- Change management
- Systems and strategic thinking
- Community engagement
- Policy engagement









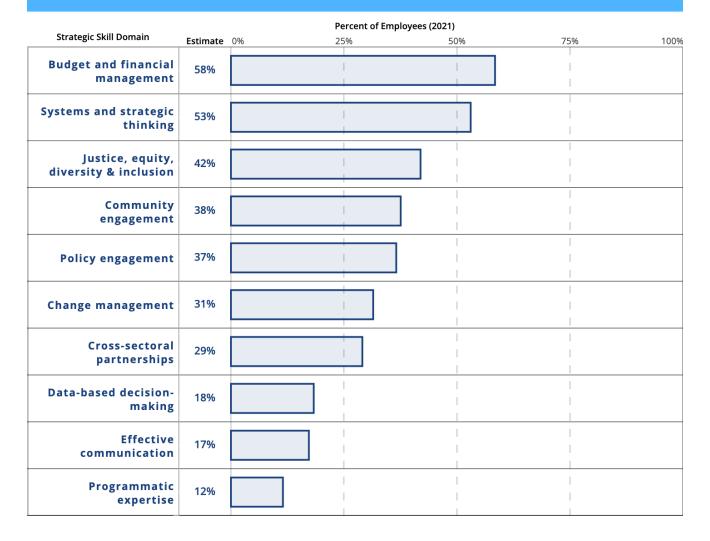
TRAINING NEEDS: SUPERVISORS, MANAGERS, & EXECUTIVES

The top 5 areas of training needs among supervisors, managers, & executives are:

- Budget and financial management
- Systems and strategic thinking
- Justice, equity, diversity & inclusion
- Community engagement
- Policy engagement



TRAINING NEEDS: SUPERVISORS, MANAGERS, & EXECUTIVES INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



2021 KEY FINDINGS: ENGAGEMENT & SATISFACTION

PH WINS respondents were asked to rate their agreement with several statements related to:

- Job, organizational, and pay satisfaction
- Perceptions about their workplace
- Perceptions about their supervisors
- Perceptions about their organization



SATISFACTION

- Injury prevention and substance misuse workers are largely satisfied with their job (78%) and organization (66%).
- 57% are satisfied with their pay.

EMPLOYEE SATISFACTIONINJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



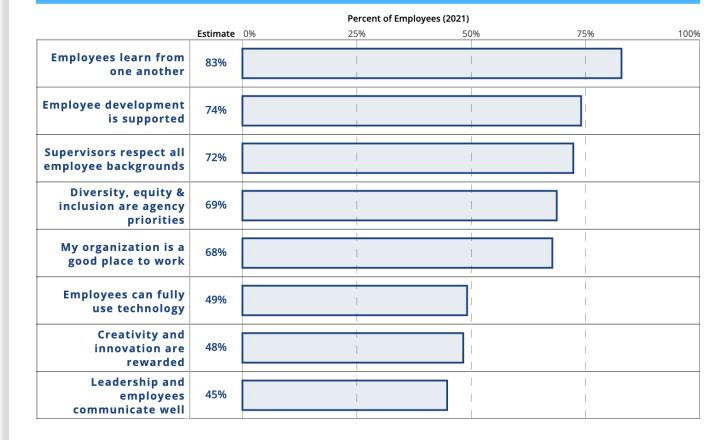




PERCEPTIONS ABOUT ORGANIZATION

- Injury prevention and substance misuse workers' overall perceptions of their organizations are positive.
- However, there is room for improvement:
 - Less than half (48%)
 agree that creativity and
 innovation are
 rewarded.
 - 45% agree that leadership and employees communicate well.

PERCEPTIONS ABOUT ORGANIZATION INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES







2021 KEY FINDINGS: WELL-BEING

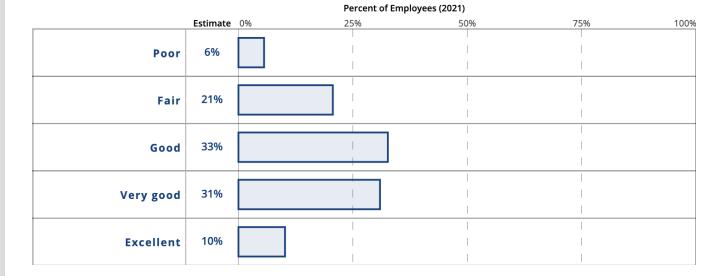
• The 2021 PH WINS survey included questions specifically about employees' mental and emotional well-being.



WELL-BEING

 27% of injury prevention and substance misuse workers rate their mental health as either "poor" or "fair."









2021 KEY FINDINGS: HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS

The 2021 PH WINS survey asked respondents to rate their level of awareness of and confidence in applying five health equity concepts:

- Health Equity
- Social Determinants of Equity
- Social Determinants of Health
- Structural Racism
- Environmental Justice



HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS:HEALTH EQUITY

- 89% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce rated their awareness of Health Equity as a lot.
- 63% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce is very confident in applying the concept of Health Equity to their work.

AWARENESS: HEALTH EQUITY INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



CONFIDENCE: HEALTH EQUITY INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



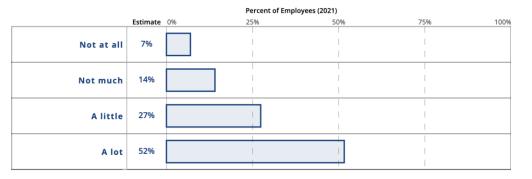




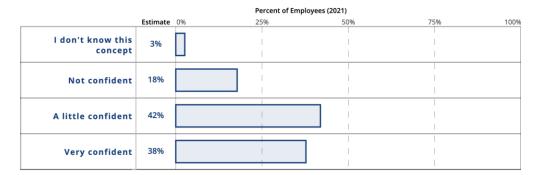
HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS: SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF EQUITY

- 52% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce rated their awareness of Social Determinants of Equity as a lot.
- 38% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce is very confident in applying the concept of Social Determinants of Equity to their work.

AWARENESS: SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF EQUITY INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



CONFIDENCE: SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF EQUITYINJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES







HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS: SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

- 87% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce rated their awareness of Social Determinants of Health as a lot.
- 66% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce is very confident in applying the concept of Social Determinants of Health to their work.

AWARENESS: SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



CONFIDENCE: SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



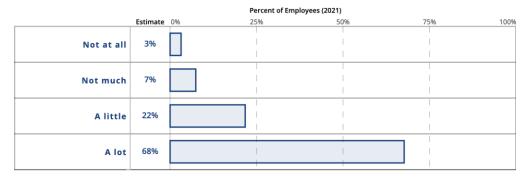




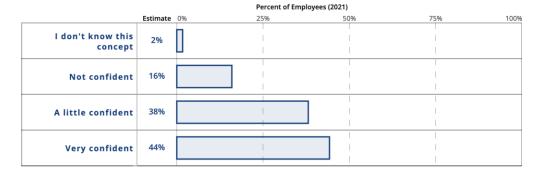
HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS: STRUCTURAL RACISM

- 68% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce rated their awareness of Structural Racism as a lot.
- 44% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce is very confident in applying the concept of Structural Racism to their work.

AWARENESS: STRUCTURAL RACISM INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



CONFIDENCE: STRUCTURAL RACISMINJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



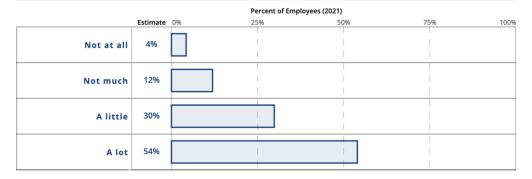




HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS: ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE

- 54% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce rated their awareness of Environmental Justice as a lot.
- 31% of the injury prevention and substance misuse workforce is very confident in applying the concept of Environmental Justice to their work.

AWARENESS: ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES



CONFIDENCE: ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE INJURY/SUBSTANCE MISUSE: ALL EMPLOYEES







FIND OUT MORE (delete this slide before printing or presenting!)

Looking for more data and graphs?

- This report represents only a small portion of the data that are available from the 2021 PH WINS.
- Go to the national PH WINS Dashboard to view more data, download graph images, and more. You can find the dashboard at www.phwins.org/national

Want to learn more about the survey?

Go to https://debeaumont.org/phwins/2021-findings/ for more information about PH WINS 2021, including key findings, links to publications and survey methods.

Have questions?

Contact the PH WINS team at: phwins@debeaumont.org

Click the image to go to the national PH WINS Dashboard.



