2021 SUMMARY REPORT:

Environmental Health Workers
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT & CITATION

The Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey (PH WINS) was developed by the de Beaumont Foundation and the Association of State and Territorial Health Officials to understand the interests and needs of the state and local governmental public health workforce in the United States, and was fielded in 2014, 2017, and 2021. For more information, visit www.phwins.org.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

This report summarizes key findings about environmental health workers from the 2021 Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey (PH WINS).

- Key findings are organized by the main sections of PH WINS 2021:
  - Demographics
  - Workforce Characteristics
  - Staying & Leaving
  - Training Needs
  - Engagement & Satisfaction
  - Well-being
WHAT IS PH WINS?

Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey

• PH WINS, a partnership between the de Beaumont Foundation and the Association of State and Territorial Health Officials (ASTHO), was fielded in 2014, 2017, and 2021.

• First and only nationally representative source of data about the governmental public health workforce.

• Supports the governmental public health workforce in understanding their strengths and gaps and informs future investments in workforce development efforts.
2021 METHODS

• PH WINS 2021 was distributed via web survey to **137,446 state and local governmental public health workers:**
  • 47 state health agencies
  • 29 big city health departments
  • 259 local health departments

• The PH WINS 2021 instrument had five domains: workplace environment, COVID-19 response, training needs, addressing public health issues, and demographics.

• One important change in 2021: non-permanent employees of centralized state health agencies were included in the nationally representative data set.
WORKFORCE DEFINITION

- Workforce groups are defined by a combination of responses to PH WINS questions on program area, job classification, education, and certifications.

- **Environmental health workers** include PH WINS respondents who selected the following job classification(s) or program area(s):
  - Job classification: environmental health worker
  - Program area: environmental health

*PH WINS respondents were asked to report all program areas in which they currently serve. Workforce groups that are defined using program area include employees who work for the defining program area and may include employees who also work for additional program areas.*
NATIONAL PARTICIPATION

- Nationally, the survey was completed by 44,732 individuals, for a 35% response rate.

- Response rates varied by frame:
  - SHA: 34%
  - Big Cities: 28%
  - Other locals: 52%
    - Locals in Regions V and X*: 56%

*HHS Regions V and X participated in the PH WINS for All pilot programming, recruiting all locals in those regions, regardless of size, to participate in PH WINS.
NATIONAL PARTICIPATION

- Nationally, the survey was completed by 44,732 individuals, for a 35% response rate.
- Response rates varied by frame:
  - SHA: 34%
  - Big Cities: 28%
  - Other locals: 52%
  - Locals in Regions V and X*: 56%

*HHS Regions V and X participated in the PH WINS for All pilot programming, recruiting all locals in those regions, regardless of size, to participate in PH WINS.

Environmental health workers account for 12% of the national governmental public health workforce.
2021 KEY FINDINGS: DEMOGRAPHICS

• PH WINS respondents self-reported demographic (personal) characteristics like their gender, race/ethnicity, and age.

• Respondents also self-reported the highest level of education attained and whether they have a specialized degree in public health.
DEMOGRAPHICS

- 59% of environmental health workers self-identify as a woman.
- 63% of environmental health workers self-identify as White.
**DEMographics**

- **Half** of environmental health workers are between the ages of 31 and 50 years.

### Age Collapsed: Environmental Health: All Employees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Collapsed</th>
<th>Estimate</th>
<th>0%</th>
<th>25%</th>
<th>50%</th>
<th>75%</th>
<th>100%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;31 years of age</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31-50 years of age</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51+ years of age</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

• 32% of environmental health workers have an advanced degree.
  • 28% have a Master’s degree.
  • 5% have a Doctoral degree.
• 13% have a specialized degree in public health.
2021 KEY FINDINGS: WORKFORCE CHARACTERISTICS

• PH WINS respondents were asked a series of questions related specifically to their job and the work they do, including:
  • Supervisory status
  • Job role
  • Primary program area
  • Tenure in public health overall, at their agency, and in their current job.

• Respondents also reported full-time/part-time status and salary information.
SUPERVISORY STATUS/JOB ROLE

- **72%** of environmental health staff work in a non-supervisory role.
- **78%** of staff worked in a public health sciences job role, which includes program staff, epidemiologists, and contact tracers, among others.
Nearly all environmental health workers are distributed across three primary program areas:

- **Environmental Health**
- **Other Health Care**, including certain clinical services, immunizations, mental, oral, and school health, and substance misuse.
- **Communicable Disease**

*PH WINS respondents were asked to report all program areas in which they currently serve. This graph represents only the primary program area - the area in which a respondent spent the most time serving.*
TENURE AT AGENCY

• 43% of environmental health workers in 2021 had served at their agency for 5 years or less.
• 17% had served 21 or more years.

AGENCY TENURE
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH: ALL EMPLOYEES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estimate</th>
<th>0%</th>
<th>25%</th>
<th>50%</th>
<th>75%</th>
<th>100%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-5 years in agency</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-10 years in agency</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11-15 years in agency</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16-20 years in agency</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21 or above in agency</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• PH WINS respondents were asked a series of questions related to their intent to leave or stay at their agency and whether the COVID-19 pandemic affected their decision.

• Respondents were also asked to select reasons why they intend to stay or leave.
INTENT TO LEAVE/STAY

- 27% of environmental health workers are considering leaving their organization within the next year.

- 23% reported that the COVID-19 pandemic impacted their decision to stay or leave.
  
  - Among those who intend to leave, 41% said the pandemic impacted their decision (data not shown).
REASONS FOR LEAVING/STAYING

• Understanding employees’ reasons for leaving is critical for improving recruitment and retention.

• Top reasons for leaving among environmental health workers who intend to leave include:
  • Work overload/burnout (reported by 47%)
  • Stress (reported by 41%)
2021 KEY FINDINGS: TRAINING NEEDS

• PH WINS respondents were asked to rate the day-to-day importance of and their own proficiency with 25-26 skill items, tailored for their supervisory level.

• Skills were collapsed into 10 strategic skill categories.

• A training need is a skill item reported as having high importance, but low proficiency.

• Identifying training needs can help support strategies to produce T-employees, or those who have depth in technical skills and breadth in strategic skills.

FIGURE 2.
The Public Health T: Complementing Specialized Skills with a Cohesive Cross-Cutting Skill Framework

Note: T-shaped employees have depth in specialized skills related to a specific program or topic area (e.g., communicable disease control, environmental public health, etc.) and breadth in cross-cutting skills that include the Strategic Skills and Core Competencies.

The top 5 areas of training needs **across all supervisory levels** are:

- Budget and financial management
- Systems and strategic thinking
- Change management
- Community engagement
- Cross-sectoral partnerships
TRAINING NEEDS: NON-SUPERVISORS

The top 5 areas of training needs among non-supervisors are:

- Budget and financial management
- Systems and strategic thinking
- Change management
- Community engagement
- Cross-sectoral partnerships
The top 5 areas of training needs among supervisors, managers, & executives are:

- Budget and financial management
- Systems and strategic thinking
- Community engagement
- Justice, equity, diversity, & inclusion
- Cross-sectoral partnerships
2021 KEY FINDINGS: ENGAGEMENT & SATISFACTION

PH WINS respondents were asked to rate their agreement with several statements related to:

- Job, organizational, and pay satisfaction
- Perceptions about their workplace
- Perceptions about their supervisors
- Perceptions about their organization
Environmental health workers are largely satisfied with their job (75%) and organization (64%).

Less than half (47%) are satisfied with their pay.
PERCEPTIONS ABOUT ORGANIZATION

• Environmental health workers’ overall perceptions of their organizations are positive.

• However, there is room for improvement:
  
  • Less than half (48%) of the workforce agrees that leadership staff and employees communicate well.

  • 42% agree that creativity and innovation are rewarded.
2021 KEY FINDINGS: WELL-BEING

• The 2021 PH WINS survey included questions specifically about employees’ mental and emotional well-being.
WELL-BEING

- 23% of environmental health workers rate their mental health as either “poor” or “fair.”
2021 KEY FINDINGS: HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS

The 2021 PH WINS survey asked respondents to rate their level of awareness of and confidence in applying five health equity concepts:

- Health Equity
- Social Determinants of Equity
- Social Determinants of Health
- Structural Racism
- Environmental Justice
HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS:

HEALTH EQUITY

- 63% of the environmental health workforce rated their awareness of Health Equity as a lot.

- 35% of the environmental health workforce is very confident in applying the concept of Health Equity to their work.
HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS: SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF EQUITY

• 41% of the environmental health workforce rated their awareness of Social Determinants of Equity as a lot.

• 25% of the environmental health workforce is very confident in applying the concept of Social Determinants of Equity to their work.
HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS: SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

• **52%** of the environmental health workforce rated their *awareness* of Social Determinants of Health as a *lot*.

• **33%** of the environmental health workforce is *very confident* in applying the concept of Social Determinants of Health to their work.
HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS: STRUCTURAL RACISM

• 48% of the environmental health workforce rated their awareness of Structural Racism as a lot.

• 27% of the environmental health workforce is very confident in applying the concept of Structural Racism to their work.
HEALTH EQUITY CONCEPTS: ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE

- **52%** of the environmental health workforce rated their **awareness** of Environmental Justice as **a lot**.

- **34%** of the environmental health workforce is **very confident** in applying the concept of Environmental Justice to their work.
FIND OUT MORE  (delete this slide before printing or presenting!)

• Looking for more data and graphs?
  • This report represents only a small portion of the data that are available from the 2021 PH WINS.
  • Go to the **national PH WINS Dashboard** to view more data, download graph images, and more. You can find the dashboard at [www.phwins.org/national](http://www.phwins.org/national)

• Want to learn more about the survey?
  • Go to [https://debeaumont.org/phwins/2021-findings/](https://debeaumont.org/phwins/2021-findings/) for more information about PH WINS 2021, including key findings, links to publications and survey methods.

• Have questions?
  • Contact the PH WINS team at: phwins@debeaumont.org

Click the image to go to the national PH WINS Dashboard.