

2021 SUMMARY REPORT:

National Governmental Public Health Workforce





ACKNOWLEDGEMENT & CITATION

The Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey (PH WINS) was developed by the de Beaumont Foundation and the Association of State and Territorial Health Officials to understand the interests and needs of the state and local governmental public health workforce in the United States, and was fielded in 2014, 2017, and 2021. For more information, visit www.phwins.org.

Citation: de Beaumont Foundation and Association of State and Territorial Health Officials, *Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey: 2021 Dashboard.* August 3, 2022.



ABOUT THIS REPORT

This report summarizes key findings about the **national governmental public health workforce** from the 2021 Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey (PH WINS).

- Key findings are organized by the main sections of PH WINS 2021:
 - Demographics
 - Workforce Characteristics
 - Staying & Leaving
 - Training Needs
 - Engagement & Satisfaction
 - Well-being



WHAT IS PH WINS?

Public Health Workforce Interests and Needs Survey

- PH WINS, a partnership between the de Beaumont Foundation and the Association of State and Territorial Health Officials (ASTHO), was fielded in 2014, 2017, and 2021.
- First and only nationally representative source of data about the governmental public health workforce.
- Supports the governmental public health workforce in understanding their strengths and gaps and informs future investments in workforce development efforts.



2021 METHODS

- PH WINS 2021 was distributed via web survey to 137,446 state and local governmental public health workers:
 - 47 state health agencies
 - 29 big city health departments
 - 259 local health departments
- The PH WINS 2021 instrument had five domains: workplace environment, COVID-19 response, training needs, addressing public health issues, and demographics.
- One important change in 2021: non-permanent employees of centralized state health agencies were included in the nationally representative data set.



SETTING DEFINITIONS

- States setting includes respondents in a State Health Agency Central Office.
- Big Cities setting includes respondents in a health department that is a member of the Big Cities Health Coalition.
- Other locals setting includes respondents in local health departments with staff>25 and serving a population>25,000.
 - This includes local health departments in HHS Regions V and X as well as local health departments in other regions.



NATIONAL PARTICIPATION

- Nationally, the survey was completed by 44,732 individuals, for a 35% response rate.
- Response rates varied by frame:

• **SHA**: 34%

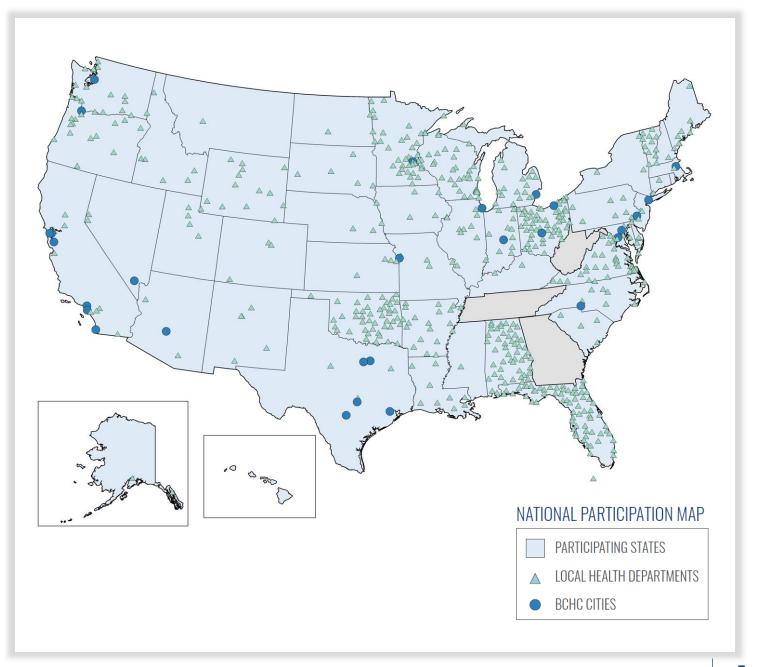
• Big Cities: 28%

Other locals: 52%

 Locals in Regions V and X*: 56%

*HHS Regions V and X participated in the PH WINS for All pilot programming, recruiting all locals in those regions, regardless of size, to participate in PH WINS.





2021 KEY FINDINGS: DEMOGRAPHICS

- PH WINS respondents self-reported demographic (personal) characteristics like their gender, race/ethnicity, and age.
- Respondents also self-reported their highest level of education attained and whether they have a specialized degree in public health.

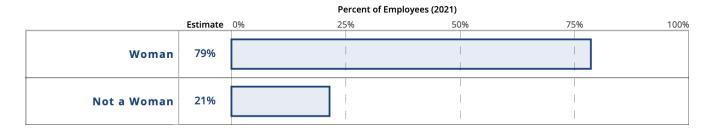


DEMOGRAPHICS

- 79% of the national workforce self-identifies as a woman.
- More than half of the national workforce selfidentifies as White.

GENDER COLLAPSED

NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES



RACE & ETHNICITY COLLAPSED

NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES







DEMOGRAPHICS

 Nearly half of the national workforce is between the ages of 31 and 50 years.



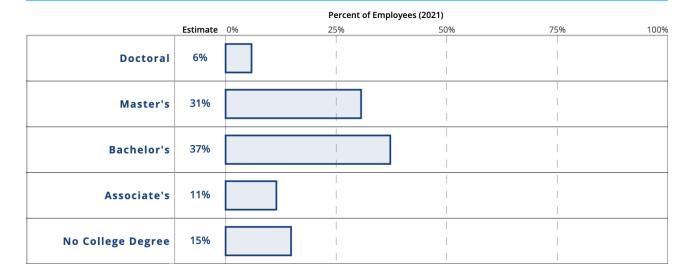




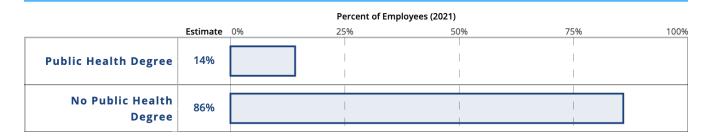
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

- 37% of the national workforce has an advanced degree.
 - 31% has a Master's degree.
 - 6% has a Doctoral degree.
- 14% has a specialized degree in public health.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENTNATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES



PUBLIC HEALTH TRAINING NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES







2021 KEY FINDINGS: WORKFORCE CHARACTERISTICS

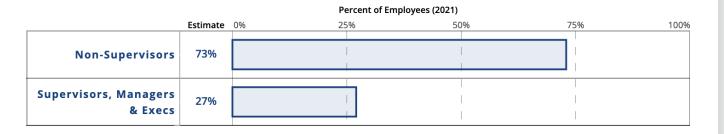
- PH WINS respondents were asked a series of questions related specifically to their job and the work they do, including:
 - Supervisory status
 - Job role
 - Tenure in public health overall, at their agency, and in their current job
- Respondents also reported full-time/part-time status and salary information.



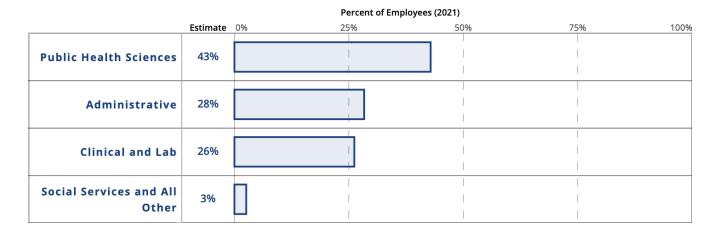
SUPERVISORY STATUS/JOB ROLE

- Nearly 3 out of 4 national staff work in a nonsupervisory role.
- 43% of staff worked in a public health sciences job role, which includes program staff, epidemiologists, and contact tracers, among others.

SUPERVISORY STATUS COLLAPSED NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES



JOB CLASSIFICATION NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES

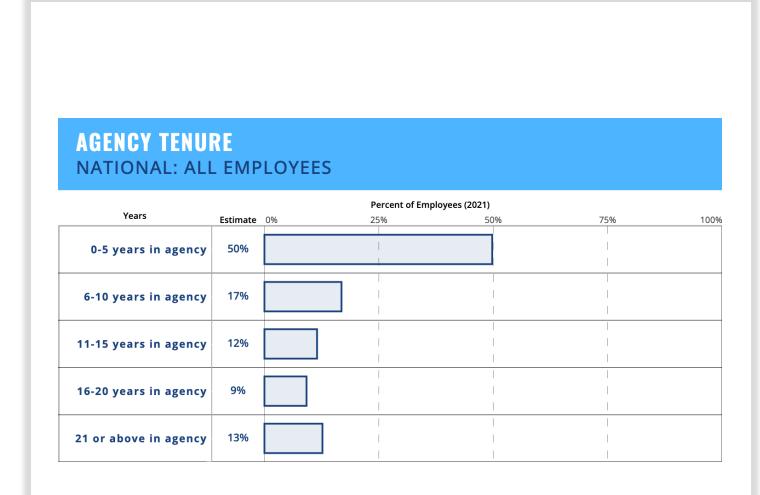






TENURE AT AGENCY

- Half of the national workforce in 2021 had served at their agency for 5 years or less.
- 13% had served 21 or more years.







2021 KEY FINDINGS: STAYING & LEAVING

- PH WINS respondents were asked a series of questions related to their intent to leave or stay at their agency and whether the COVID-19 pandemic affected their decision.
- Respondents were also asked to select reasons why they intend to stay or leave.

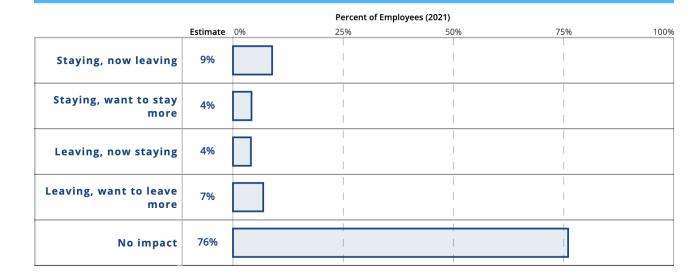


INTENT TO LEAVE/STAY

- More than a quarter of national employees are considering leaving their organization within the next year.
- 24% reported that the COVID-19 pandemic impacted their decision to stay or leave.
 - Among those who intend to leave, 39% said the pandemic impacted their decision (data not shown).



IMPACT OF COVID ON STAYING & LEAVING NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES



Percent of Employees (2021)

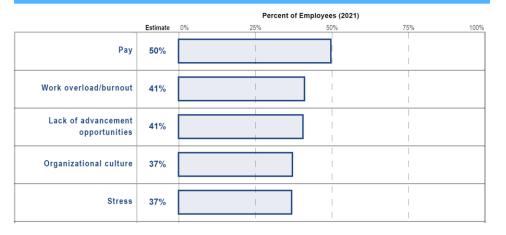




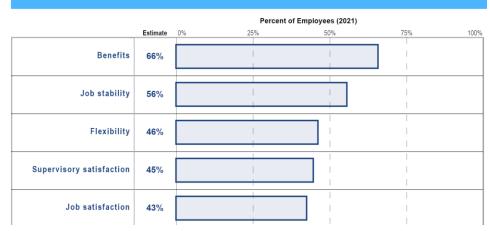
REASONS FOR LEAVING/STAYING

- Understanding employees' reasons for leaving is critical for improving recruitment and retention.
- Top reasons for leaving among national staff who intend to leave include:
 - Work overload/burnout (reported by 41%)
 - Stress (reported by 37%).

REASONS FOR LEAVING NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES



REASONS FOR STAYING NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES

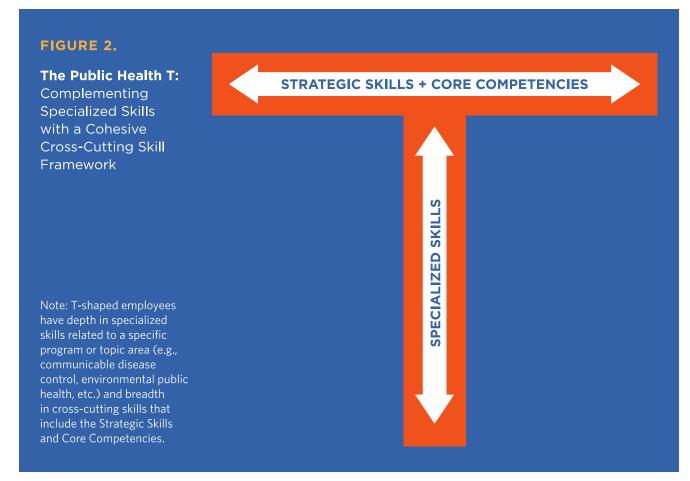






2021 KEY FINDINGS: TRAINING NEEDS

- PH WINS respondents were asked to rate the day-to-day importance of and their own proficiency with 25-26 skill items, tailored for their supervisory level.
- Skills were collapsed into 10 strategic skill categories.
- A training need is a skill item reported as having high importance, but low proficiency.
- Identifying training needs can help support strategies to produce Temployees, or those who have depth in technical skills and breadth in strategic skills.







TRAINING NEEDS: ALL SUPERVISORY LEVELS

The top 5 areas of training needs nationally across all supervisory levels are:

- Budget and financial management
- Systems and strategic thinking
- Community engagement
- Change management
- Policy engagement



TRAINING NEEDS





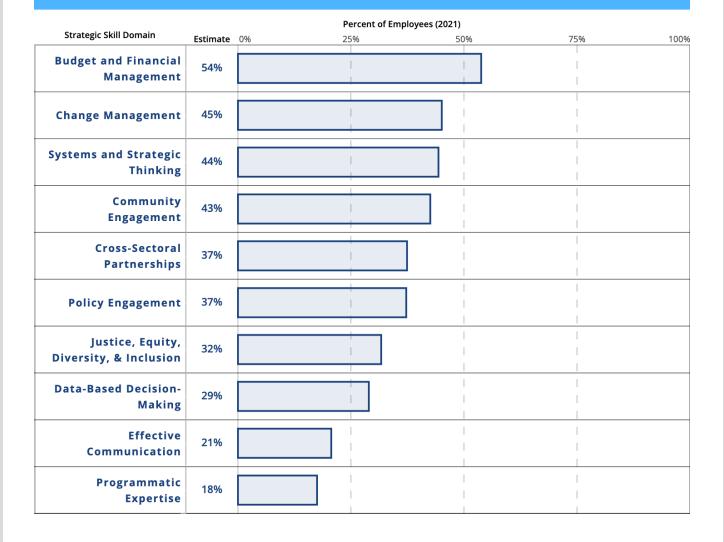
TRAINING NEEDS: NON-SUPERVISORS

The top 5 areas of training needs nationally among non-supervisors are:

- Budget and financial management
- Change management
- Systems and strategic thinking
- Community engagement
- Cross-sectoral partnerships





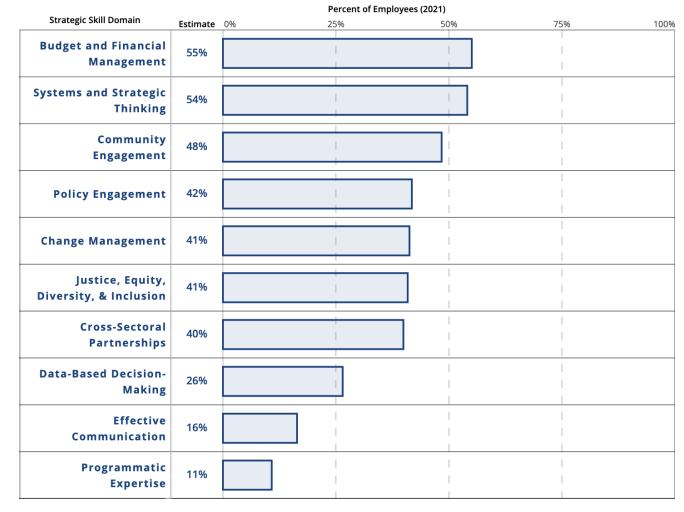


TRAINING NEEDS: SUPERVISORS, MANAGERS, & EXECUTIVES

The top 5 areas of training needs nationally among supervisors, managers, & executives are:

- Budget and financial management
- Systems and strategic thinking
- Community engagement
- Policy engagement
- Change management









2021 KEY FINDINGS: ENGAGEMENT & SATISFACTION

PH WINS respondents were asked to rate their agreement with several statements related to:

- Job, organizational, and pay satisfaction
- Perceptions about their workplace
- Perceptions about their supervisors
- Perceptions about their organization



SATISFACTION

- The national workforce is largely satisfied with their job (79%) and organization (68%).
- Less than half (49%) are satisfied with their pay.



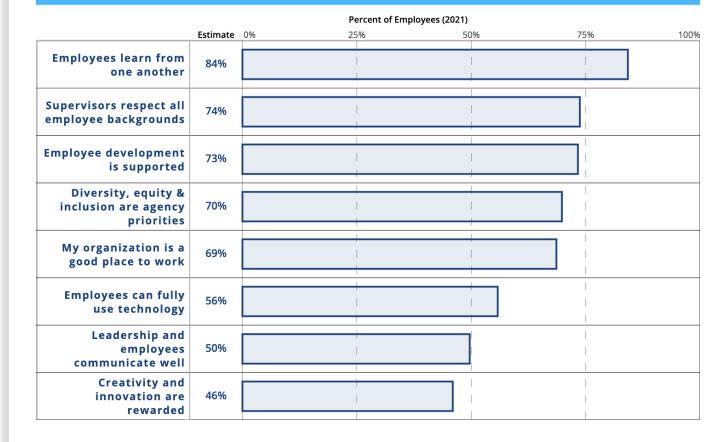




PERCEPTIONS ABOUT ORGANIZATION

- The national workforce's overall perceptions of their organizations are positive.
- However, there is room for improvement:
 - Just half of the workforce agrees that leadership staff and employees communicate well.
 - 46% agree that creativity and innovation are rewarded.

PERCEPTIONS ABOUT ORGANIZATION NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES







2021 KEY FINDINGS: WELL-BEING

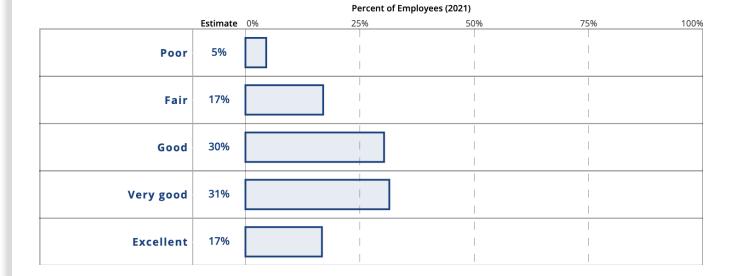
The 2021 PH WINS survey included questions specifically about employees' mental and emotional well-being.



WELL-BEING

- 1 in 5 national staff rate their mental health as either "poor" or "fair."
- Employees working in bigcity public health departments reported worse mental health than employees in other types of public health departments (data not shown).
- Across all agency types, executives reported worse mental health than other employees (data not shown).

OVERALL MENTAL & EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING NATIONAL: ALL EMPLOYEES







FIND OUT MORE (delete this slide before printing or presenting!)

Looking for more data and graphs?

- This report represents only a small portion of the data that are available from the 2021 PH WINS.
- Go to the national PH WINS Dashboard to view more data, download graph images, and more. You can find the dashboard at www.phwins.org/national

Want to learn more about the survey?

Go to https://debeaumont.org/phwins/2021-findings/ for more information about PH WINS 2021, including key findings, links to publications and survey methods.

Have questions?

Contact the PH WINS team at: phwins@debeaumont.org

Click the image to go to the national PH WINS Dashboard.



